

Environment Protection Licence

Licence - 350

Department of **Environment & Climate Change** NSW

Licence Details

Number:	350
Anniversary Date:	01-September
Review Due Date:	02-Dec-2013

Licensee

COONAMBLE SHIRE COUNCIL
PO BOX 249
COONAMBLE NSW 2829

Licence Type

Premises

Premises

GULARGAMBONE SEWERAGE TREATMENT WORKS
CASTLEREAGH HIGHWAY
GULARGAMBONE NSW 2828

Non Scheduled Activity

Sewage Treatment Systems

Fee Based Activity

Sewage treatment - processing by small plants (< 10000 ML per year)

Scale

> 20 - 100 ML discharged

Region

North West - Bathurst
Lvl 2, 203-209 Russell Street
BATHURST NSW 2795
Phone: 02 6332 7600
Fax: 02 6332 7630

PO Box 1388 BATHURST
NSW 2795

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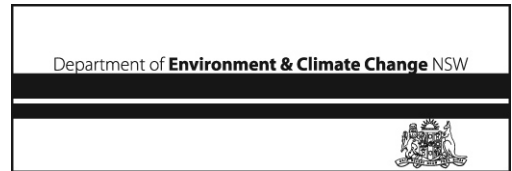
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Information about this licence

Dictionary

A definition of terms used in the licence can be found in the dictionary at the end of this licence.

Responsibilities of licensee

Separate to the requirements of this licence, general obligations of licensees are set out in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 ("the Act") and the Regulations made under the Act. These include obligations to:

- ensure persons associated with you comply with this licence, as set out in section 64 of the Act;
- control the pollution of waters and the pollution of air (see for example sections 120 - 132 of the Act); and
- report incidents causing or threatening material environmental harm to the environment, as set out in Part 5.7 of the Act.

Variation of licence conditions

The licence holder can apply to vary the conditions of this licence. An application form for this purpose is available from the EPA.

The EPA may also vary the conditions of the licence at any time by written notice without an application being made.

Where a licence has been granted in relation to development which was assessed under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 in accordance with the procedures applying to integrated development, the EPA may not impose conditions which are inconsistent with the development consent conditions until the licence is first reviewed under Part 3.6 of the Act.

Duration of licence

This licence will remain in force until the licence is surrendered by the licence holder or until it is suspended or revoked by the EPA or the Minister. A licence may only be surrendered with the written approval of the EPA.

Licence review

The Act requires that the EPA review your licence at least every 5 years after the issue of the licence, as set out in Part 3.6 and Schedule 5 of the Act. You will receive advance notice of the licence review.

Fees and annual return to be sent to the EPA

For each licence fee period you must pay:

- an administrative fee; and
- a load-based fee (if applicable).

The EPA publication "A Guide to Licensing" contains information about how to calculate your licence fees.

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The licence requires that an Annual Return, comprising a Statement of Compliance and a summary of any monitoring required by the licence (including the recording of complaints), be submitted to the EPA. The Annual Return must be submitted within 60 days after the end of each reporting period. See condition R1 regarding the Annual Return reporting requirements.

Usually the licence fee period is the same as the reporting period.

Transfer of licence

The licence holder can apply to transfer the licence to another person. An application form for this purpose is available from the EPA.

Public register and access to monitoring data

Part 9.5 of the Act requires the EPA to keep a public register of details and decisions of the EPA in relation to, for example:

- licence applications;
- licence conditions and variations;
- statements of compliance;
- load based licensing information; and
- load reduction agreements.

Under s320 of the Act application can be made to the EPA for access to monitoring data which has been submitted to the EPA by licensees.

This licence is issued to:

COONAMBLE SHIRE COUNCIL
PO BOX 249
COONAMBLE NSW 2829

subject to the conditions which follow.

1 Administrative conditions

A1 What the licence authorises and regulates

- A1.1 This licence regulates water pollution resulting from the activity/ies specified below carried out at the premises specified in A2.

Sewage Treatment Systems

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A1.2 Not applicable.

A1.3 Not applicable.

A2 Premises to which this licence applies

A2.1 The licence applies to the following premises:

Premises Details

**GULARGAMBONE SEWERAGE TREATMENT
WORKS**

CASTLEREAGH HIGHWAY

GULARGAMBONE

NSW

2828

LOT 1 DP 605094

**1.0 km north east of Gulargambone on State
Highway No. 18 (Castlereagh Highway)**

A3 Other activities

A3.1 Not applicable.

A4 Information supplied to the EPA

A4.1 Works and activities must be carried out in accordance with the proposal contained in the licence application, except as expressly provided by a condition of this licence.

In this condition the reference to "the licence application" includes a reference to:

- (a) the applications for any licences (including former pollution control approvals) which this licence replaces under the Protection of the Environment Operations (Savings and Transitional) Regulation 1998; and
- (b) the licence information form provided by the licensee to the EPA to assist the EPA in connection with the issuing of this licence.

A5 Objectives of this licence

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- A5.1 The objectives of this licence are to:
- require practical measures to be taken to protect the environment and public health from sewage treatment plant effluent;
 - minimise the frequency and volume of sewage treatment plant bypasses.
- A5.2 This licence is to be construed in a manner that will promote the objectives referred to in A5.1.

2 Discharges to air and water and applications to land

P1 Location of monitoring/discharge points and areas

- P1.1 Not applicable.
- P1.2 The following points referred to in the table are identified in this licence for the purposes of the monitoring and/or the setting of limits for discharges of pollutants to water from the point.
- P1.3 The following utilisation areas referred to in the table below are identified in this licence for the purposes of the monitoring and/or the setting of limits for any application of solids or liquids to the utilisation area.

Water and land

EPA identification no.	Type of monitoring point	Type of discharge point	Description of location
1	Discharge to waters and effluent quality monitoring	Discharge to waters and effluent quality monitoring	The drain from the outlet of the final effluent pond discharging into manhole on banks of Castlereagh River from north east corner of premises labelled as point 1 on map showing discharge point submitted after Licence review 1/4/03.
2	Volume monitoring		At the inlet to the STP labelled as point 2 on map showing monitoring points submitted after Licence Review 1/4/03.
3	Ambient water monitoring		Castlereagh River, 100 metres upstream of Point 1
4	Ambient water monitoring		Castlereagh River, 100 metres downstream of Point 1

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3 Limit conditions

L1 Pollution of waters

- L1.1 Except as may be expressly provided in any other condition of this licence, the licensee must comply with section 120 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.

L2 Load limits

- L2.1 Not applicable.
- L2.2 Not applicable.

L3 Concentration limits

- L3.1 For each monitoring/discharge point or utilisation area specified in the table\>s below (by a point number), the concentration of a pollutant discharged at that point, or applied to that area, must not exceed the concentration limits specified for that pollutant in the table.
- L3.2 Where a pH quality limit is specified in the table, the specified percentage of samples must be within the specified ranges.
- L3.3 To avoid any doubt, this condition does not authorise the pollution of waters by any pollutant other than those specified in the table\>s.

Water and Land

POINT 1

Pollutant	Units of Measure	50 percentile concentration limit	80 percentile concentration limit	90 percentile concentration limit	100 percentile Concentration Limit
Oil and Grease	milligrams per litre	-	-	-	10
pH	pH	-	-	-	6.5-8.5
Nitrogen (total)	milligrams per litre	-	-	-	15
Phosphorus (total)	milligrams per litre	-	-	-	15
Faecal Coliforms	colony forming units per 100 millilitres	-	200	-	600
Total suspended solids	milligrams per litre	20	-	25	30
Biochemical oxygen demand	milligrams per litre	15	-	20	30

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L4 Volume and mass limits

L4.1 For each discharge point or utilisation area specified below (by a point number), the volume/mass of:

- (a) liquids discharged to water; or;
- (b) solids or liquids applied to the area;

must not exceed the volume/mass limit specified for that discharge point or area.

Point	Unit of measure	Volume/Mass Limit
1	kilolitres per day	200

L5 Waste

- L5.1 The licensee must not cause, permit or allow any waste generated outside the premises to be received at the premises for storage, treatment, processing, reprocessing or disposal or any waste generated at the premises to be disposed of at the premises, except as expressly permitted by the licence.
- L5.2 This condition only applies to the storage, treatment, processing, reprocessing or disposal of waste at the premises if those activities require an environment protection licence.

L6 Noise Limits

- L6.1 Not applicable.

4 Operating conditions

O1 Activities must be carried out in a competent manner

- O1.1 Licensed activities must be carried out in a competent manner.

This includes:

- (a) the processing, handling, movement and storage of materials and substances used to carry out the activity; and
- (b) the treatment, storage, processing, reprocessing, transport and disposal of waste generated by the activity.

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O2 Maintenance of plant and equipment

- O2.1 All plant and equipment installed at the premises or used in connection with the licensed activity:
- (a) must be maintained in a proper and efficient condition; and
 - (b) must be operated in a proper and efficient manner.
- O2.2 For the purposes of this condition, “plant and equipment” includes drainage systems, infrastructure, pollution control equipment and fuel burning equipment, but does not refer to equipment which has been decommissioned but is still on site.

O3 Biosolids management

- O3.1 Biosolids at the premises must be stored, treated, processed, classified, transported and disposed in accordance with the Biosolids Guidelines, or as otherwise approved in writing by the EPA.

O4 Appropriate treatment processes

- O4.1 Sewage or effluent must not be discharged from point(s) 1 unless it has been treated in accordance with this condition.
- O4.2 All the liquid waste must at least receive screening, degritting and primary sedimentation.
- O4.3 However the licensee is not taken to have breached this condition if the licensee can demonstrate:
- (a) the failure to treat the liquid waste as required was solely as a result of a failure of the power supply to the premises, or a failure of essential equipment;
 - (b) the failure of power supply or equipment could not reasonably have been prevented; and
 - (c) normal operating conditions were restored as soon as possible after the power supply failure or the failure of essential equipment.

O5 Prohibition on acceptance of pesticides

- O5.1 The licensee must not enter into any trade waste agreement to discharge organophosphate pesticides (including chlorpyrifos, diazinon, malathion) into the sewerage system.
- O5.2 The licensee must not consent to any discharge of organochlorine pesticides (such as dieldrin, heptachlor and chlordane) into the sewerage system.

5 Monitoring and recording conditions

M1 Monitoring records

- M1.1 The results of any monitoring required to be conducted by this licence or a load calculation protocol must be recorded and retained as set out in this condition.

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- M1.2 All records required to be kept by this licence must be:
- in a legible form, or in a form that can readily be reduced to a legible form;
 - kept for at least 4 years after the monitoring or event to which they relate took place; and
 - produced in a legible form to any authorised officer of the EPA who asks to see them.
- M1.3 The following records must be kept in respect of any samples required to be collected for the purposes of this licence:
- the date(s) on which the sample was taken;
 - the time(s) at which the sample was collected;
 - the point at which the sample was taken; and
 - the name of the person who collected the sample.

M2 Requirement to monitor concentration of pollutants discharged

- M2.1 For each monitoring/discharge point or utilisation area specified below (by a point number), the licensee must monitor (by sampling and obtaining results by analysis) the concentration of each pollutant specified in Column 1. The licensee must use the sampling method, units of measure, and sample at the frequency, specified opposite in the other columns:

Water and Land

POINT 1

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
Biochemical oxygen demand	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Representative sample
Nitrogen (total)	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Representative sample
Oil and Grease	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Representative sample
Phosphorus (total)	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Representative sample
Total suspended solids	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Representative sample
pH	pH	Monthly during discharge	Representative sample

POINT 3

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
Biochemical oxygen demand	milligrams per litre		Representative sample
Nitrogen (total)	milligrams per litre		Representative sample
Oil and Grease	milligrams per litre		Representative sample
Phosphorus (total)	milligrams per litre		Representative sample
Total suspended solids	milligrams per litre		Representative sample
pH	pH		Representative sample

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POINT 4

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
Biochemical oxygen demand	milligrams per litre		Representative sample
Nitrogen (total)	milligrams per litre		Representative sample
Oil and Grease	milligrams per litre		Representative sample
Phosphorus (total)	milligrams per litre		Representative sample
Total suspended solids	milligrams per litre		Representative sample
pH	pH		Representative sample

M2.2 Ambient samples

M2.2.1 Ambient samples at points 3 and 4 must be taken at least yearly whenever there is a flow in the receiving waters.

M3 Testing methods - concentration limits

M3.1 Not applicable.

M3.2 Subject to any express provision to the contrary in this licence, monitoring for the concentration of a pollutant discharged to waters or applied to a utilisation area must be done in accordance with the Approved Methods Publication unless another method has been approved by the EPA in writing before any tests are conducted.

M4 Recording of pollution complaints

M4.1 The licensee must keep a legible record of all complaints made to the licensee or any employee or agent of the licensee in relation to pollution arising from any activity to which this licence applies.

M4.2 The record must include details of the following:

- the date and time of the complaint;
- the method by which the complaint was made;
- any personal details of the complainant which were provided by the complainant or, if no such details were provided, a note to that effect;
- the nature of the complaint;
- the action taken by the licensee in relation to the complaint, including any follow-up contact with the complainant; and
- if no action was taken by the licensee, the reasons why no action was taken.

M4.3 The record of a complaint must be kept for at least 4 years after the complaint was made.

M4.4 The record must be produced to any authorised officer of the EPA who asks to see them.

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M5 Telephone complaints line

- M5.1 The licensee must operate during its operating hours a telephone complaints line for the purpose of receiving any complaints from members of the public in relation to activities conducted at the premises or by the vehicle or mobile plant, unless otherwise specified in the licence.
- M5.2 The licensee must notify the public of the complaints line telephone number and the fact that it is a complaints line so that the impacted community knows how to make a complaint.
- M5.3 Conditions M5.1 and M5.2 do not apply until 3 months after:
- the date of the issue of this licence or
 - if this licence is a replacement licence within the meaning of the Protection of the Environment Operations (Savings and Transitional) Regulation 1998, the date on which a copy of the licence was served on the licensee under clause 10 of that regulation.

M6 Requirement to monitor volume or mass

- M6.1 For each discharge point or utilisation area specified below, the licensee must monitor:
- the volume of liquids discharged to water or applied to the area;
 - the mass of solids applied to the area;
 - the mass of pollutants emitted to the air;

at the frequency and using the method and units of measure, specified below.

POINT 2

Frequency	Unit Of Measure	Sampling Method
Daily	kilolitres	In line instrumentation

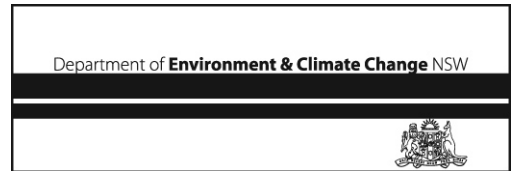
- M6.2 Equipment used to monitor the volume must provide data which is within 10 percent of the actual volume over the likely full range of flows required to be measured by the equipment.
- M6.3 In the event that the licensee cannot comply with a volume monitoring method stipulated in this licence solely due to the failure or malfunction of essential monitoring equipment, volume may be calculated using another method previously approved in writing by the EPA. The alternate method may not be so employed on more than 14 days during the licence period without specific approval of the EPA.

M7 Requirement to record wet and dry weather bypasses

- M7.1 The licensee must record the following details in relation to each bypass from the premises:
- the EPA point identification number for the location at which the bypass occurs;
 - the start time, date and duration of the bypass;

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- (c) the estimated volume of the bypass
- (d) the level of treatment at the sewage treatment plant prior to discharge;
- (e) classification as a dry or wet weather bypass.

M7.2 For this condition to take effect the bypass must occur for more than 30 minutes on any day and be identified as having a likely adverse effect on the quality of the final effluent.

M8 Requirement to monitor biosolids

M8.1 The licensee must monitor biosolids that are produced at the premises in accordance with the Biosolids Guideline. However, the licensee is not required to comply with the monitoring conditions in the Biosolids Guideline that relate to the reuse or disposal of biosolids at the locations other than the premises.

M9 Requirement to record details of biosolids removed from the premises

M9.1 If biosolids are removed from the premises, the licensee must record the

- (a) date;
- (b) estimated weight of biosolids;
- (c) identity of the person removing biosolids.

M10 Environmental monitoring

M10.1 The requirements of condition M3.2 also apply to the monitoring of the concentration of pollutants in waters.

6 Reporting conditions

R1 Annual return documents

What documents must an Annual Return contain?

R1.1 The licensee must complete and supply to the EPA an Annual Return in the approved form comprising:

- (a) a Statement of Compliance; and
- (b) a Monitoring and Complaints Summary.

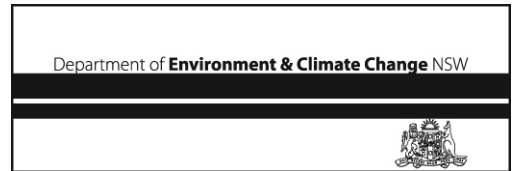
A copy of the form in which the Annual Return must be supplied to the EPA accompanies this licence. Before the end of each reporting period, the EPA will provide to the licensee a copy of the form that must be completed and returned to the EPA.

Period covered by Annual Return

R1.2 An Annual Return must be prepared in respect of each reporting period, except as provided below.

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Note: The term "reporting period" is defined in the dictionary at the end of this licence. Do not complete the Annual Return until after the end of the reporting period.

- R1.3 Where this licence is transferred from the licensee to a new licensee:
- (a) the transferring licensee must prepare an Annual Return for the period commencing on the first day of the reporting period and ending on the date the application for the transfer of the licence to the new licensee is granted; and
 - (b) the new licensee must prepare an Annual Return for the period commencing on the date the application for the transfer of the licence is granted and ending on the last day of the reporting period.

Note: An application to transfer a licence must be made in the approved form for this purpose.

- R1.4 Where this licence is surrendered by the licensee or revoked by the EPA or Minister, the licensee must prepare an Annual Return in respect of the period commencing on the first day of the reporting period and ending on:
- (a) in relation to the surrender of a licence - the date when notice in writing of approval of the surrender is given; or
 - (b) in relation to the revocation of the licence - the date from which notice revoking the licence operates.

Deadline for Annual Return

- R1.5 The Annual Return for the reporting period must be supplied to the EPA by registered post not later than 60 days after the end of each reporting period or in the case of a transferring licence not later than 60 days after the date the transfer was granted (the 'due date').

Notification where actual load can not be calculated

- R1.6 Not applicable.

Licensee must retain copy of Annual Return

- R1.7 The licensee must retain a copy of the Annual Return supplied to the EPA for a period of at least 4 years after the Annual Return was due to be supplied to the EPA.

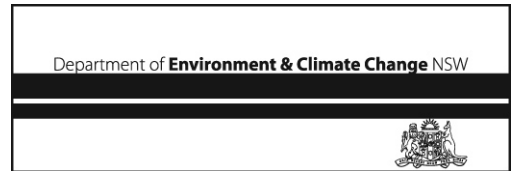
Certifying of Statement of Compliance and signing of Monitoring and Complaints Summary

- R1.8 Within the Annual Return, the Statement of Compliance must be certified and the Monitoring and Complaints Summary must be signed by:
- (a) the licence holder; or
 - (b) by a person approved in writing by the EPA to sign on behalf of the licence holder.
- R1.9 A person who has been given written approval to certify a certificate of compliance under a licence issued under the Pollution Control Act 1970 is taken to be approved for the purpose of this condition until the date of first review of this licence.

R2 Notification of environmental harm

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Note: The licensee or its employees must notify the EPA of incidents causing or threatening material harm to the environment as soon as practicable after the person becomes aware of the incident in accordance with the requirements of Part 5.7 of the Act.

R2.1 Notifications must be made by telephoning the Environment Line service on 131 555.

R2.2 The licensee must provide written details of the notification to the EPA within 7 days of the date on which the incident occurred.

R3 Written report

R3.1 Where an authorised officer of the EPA suspects on reasonable grounds that:

- (a) where this licence applies to premises, an event has occurred at the premises; or
- (b) where this licence applies to vehicles or mobile plant, an event has occurred in connection with the carrying out of the activities authorised by this licence,

and the event has caused, is causing or is likely to cause material harm to the environment (whether the harm occurs on or off premises to which the licence applies), the authorised officer may request a written report of the event.

R3.2 The licensee must make all reasonable inquiries in relation to the event and supply the report to the EPA within such time as may be specified in the request.

R3.3 The request may require a report which includes any or all of the following information:

- (a) the cause, time and duration of the event;
- (b) the type, volume and concentration of every pollutant discharged as a result of the event;
- (c) the name, address and business hours telephone number of employees or agents of the licensee, or a specified class of them, who witnessed the event;
- (d) the name, address and business hours telephone number of every other person (of whom the licensee is aware) who witnessed the event, unless the licensee has been unable to obtain that information after making reasonable effort;
- (e) action taken by the licensee in relation to the event, including any follow-up contact with any complainants;
- (f) details of any measure taken or proposed to be taken to prevent or mitigate against a recurrence of such an event; and
- (g) any other relevant matters.

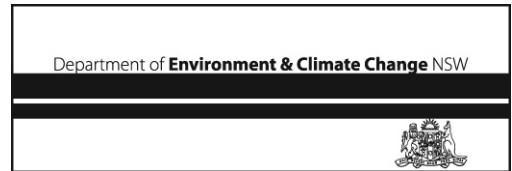
R3.4 The EPA may make a written request for further details in relation to any of the above matters if it is not satisfied with the report provided by the licensee. The licensee must provide such further details to the EPA within the time specified in the request.

General conditions

G1 Copy of licence kept at the premises

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- G1.1 A copy of this licence must be kept at the premises to which the licence applies.
- G1.2 The licence must be produced to any authorised officer of the EPA who asks to see it.
- G1.3 The licence must be available for inspection by any employee or agent of the licensee working at the premises.

G2 Signage

- G2.1 The location of EPA point number(s) 1 and 2 must be clearly marked by signs that indicate the point identification number used in this licence and be located as close as practical to the point.
- G2.2 Condition G2.1 does not apply until after:
 - (a) the date of the issue of this licence; or
 - (b) if this licence is a replacement licence within the meaning of the Protection of the Environment Operations (Savings and Transitional) Regulation 1998, the date on which a copy of the licence was served on the licensee under clause 10 of the regulation.

G3 Contact number for incidents and responsible employees

- G3.1 The licensee must operate 24-hour telephone contact lines for the purpose of enabling the EPA to directly contact one or more representatives of the licensee who can:
 - (a) respond at all times to incidents relating to the premises, and
 - (b) contact the licensee's senior employees or agents authorised at all times to:
 - (i) speak on behalf of the licensee
 - (ii) provide any information or document required under this licence.
- G3.2 The licensee is to inform the EPA of the representative or representatives and their telephone number within 3 months of the date of the issue of this licence. The EPA must be notified of the telephone number on commencement of its operation.
- G3.3 The licensee is to inform the EPA in writing of the appointment of any subsequent contact persons, or changes to the person's contact details as soon as practicable and in any event within fourteen days of the appointment or change.

Pollution studies and reduction programs

- U1.1 Not applicable.



Special conditions

E1.1 Not applicable.

Dictionary

General Dictionary

In this licence, unless the contrary is indicated, the terms below have the following meanings:

3DGM [in relation to a concentration limit]	Means the three day geometric mean, which is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount. Where one or more of the samples is zero or below the detection limit for the analysis, then 1 or the detection limit respectively should be used in place of those samples
Act	Means the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
activity	Means a scheduled or non-scheduled activity within the meaning of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
actual load	Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 1998
AM	Together with a number, means an ambient air monitoring method of that number prescribed by the <i>Approved Methods for the Sampling and Analysis of Air Pollutants in New South Wales</i> .
AMG	Australian Map Grid
anniversary date	The anniversary date is the anniversary each year of the date of issue of the licence. In the case of a licence continued in force by the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997, the date of issue of the licence is the first anniversary of the date of issue or last renewal of the licence following the commencement of the Act.
annual return	Is defined in R1.1
Approved Methods Publication	Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 1998
assessable pollutants	Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 1998
BOD	Means biochemical oxygen demand
CEM	Together with a number, means a continuous emission monitoring method of that number prescribed by the <i>Approved Methods for the Sampling and Analysis of Air Pollutants in New South Wales</i> .
COD	Means chemical oxygen demand
composite sample	Unless otherwise specifically approved in writing by the EPA, a sample consisting of 24 individual samples collected at hourly intervals and each having an equivalent volume.
cond.	Means conductivity
environment	Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

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environment protection legislation	Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991
EPA	Means Environment Protection Authority of New South Wales.
fee-based activity classification	Means the numbered short descriptions in Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 1998.
flow weighted composite sample	Means a sample whose composites are sized in proportion to the flow at each composites time of collection.
general solid waste (non-putrescible)	Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
general solid waste (putrescible)	Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
grab sample	Means a single sample taken at a point at a single time
hazardous waste	Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
licensee	Means the licence holder described at the front of this licence
load calculation protocol	Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 1998
local authority	Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
material harm	Has the same meaning as in section 147 Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
MBAS	Means methylene blue active substances
Minister	Means the Minister administering the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
mobile plant	Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
motor vehicle	Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
O&G	Means oil and grease
percentile [in relation to a concentration limit of a sample]	Means that percentage [eg.50%] of the number of samples taken that must meet the concentration limit specified in the licence for that pollutant over a specified period of time. In this licence, the specified period of time is the Reporting Period unless otherwise stated in this licence.
plant	Includes all plant within the meaning of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 as well as motor vehicles.
pollution of waters [or water pollution]	Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
premises	Means the premises described in condition A2.1
public authority	Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
regional office	Means the relevant EPA office referred to in the Contacting the EPA document accompanying this licence
reporting period	For the purposes of this licence, the reporting period means the period of 12 months after the issue of the licence, and each subsequent period of 12 months. In the case of a licence continued in force by the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997, the date of issue of the licence is the first anniversary of the date of issue or last renewal of the licence following the commencement of the Act.

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restricted solid waste	Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
scheduled activity	Means an activity listed in Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
special waste	Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
TM	Together with a number, means a test method of that number prescribed by the <i>Approved Methods for the Sampling and Analysis of Air Pollutants in New South Wales</i> .
TSP	Means total suspended particles
TSS	Means total suspended solids
Type 1 substance	Means the elements antimony, arsenic, cadmium, lead or mercury or any compound containing one or more of those elements
Type 2 substance	Means the elements beryllium, chromium, cobalt, manganese, nickel, selenium, tin or vanadium or any compound containing one or more of those elements
utilisation area	Means any area shown as a utilisation area on a map submitted with the application for this licence
waste	Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
waste type	Means liquid, restricted solid waste, general solid waste (putrescible), general solid waste (non-putrescible), special waste or hazardous waste

Special Dictionary

Approved	Means approved in writing by the EPA. The EPA's approval may be given unconditionally, or subject to conditions.
Biosolids	Has the same meaning as in Schedule 1, Part 3 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
Biosolids Guideline	Means the EPA publication Environmental Guidelines: Use and disposal of biosolids products, October 1997 or any subsequently updated guidelines which replace this publication.
bypass	Means circumstances where sewage has been received at the sewage treatment plant but is discharged from the plant without it being treated, processed or reprocessed by means of any or all of the designed treatment processes of the plant
CEC	Means cation exchange capacity
Cl₂	Means chlorine
CN	Means cyanide
discharge	has the same meaning as in Schedule 1, classification [71] of the <i>Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 1998</i> .
dry weather	Means less than 10 millimetres of rain falling within a 24 hour period
Effluent	Is sewage that has received all of the designed treatment processes at the sewage treatment plant.
ESP	Means exchangeable sodium percentage
Ex	Means the exchangeable ion
FC	Means faecal coliforms expressed in colony forming units/100mL

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Harm	Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
kL	Means kilolitre
licence issue date	Means the date of the issue of this licence, or if this licence is a replacement licence within the meaning of the Protection of the Environment Operations (Savings and Transitional) Regulation 1998, the date of which a copy of the licence was served on the licensee under clause 10 of that regulation.
L/s	Means litres per second
metal-A	Means the following metals: arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel, selenium, silver and zinc
Mequiv	Means milliequivalents as the ion
ML	Means megalitre
NH₃ N	Means nitrogen as ammonia
NO_x-N	Means nitrogen as nitrate and nitrite
Phenols	Means total phenols by distillation.
PSC	Means phosphorus sorption capacity
Solids	Means any solids and sludges extracted from effluent, and any sludges, sediments and surface scums originating from the pondage systems
STP	Means sewage treatment plant
STS	Means sewage treatment system
TDS	Means total dissolved solids
TKN-N	Means total Kjeldahl nitrogen
TN	Means total nitrogen
TOC	Means total organic carbon
TP	Means total phosphorus
TRC	Means total residual chlorine
Treatment plant	Means the part or parts of the premises in which liquid waste receives treatment.
ug/L	Means micrograms per litre
Utilisation area	Means the geographical area as defined in condition P1 that has been set aside for the utilisation of effluent and biosolids
WSA	Means water stable aggregates

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Mr Tim Gilbert

Environment Protection Authority

(By Delegation)

Date of this edition - 27-Dec-2003

End Notes

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| 1 | Licence varied by notice V/M upgrade, issued on 07-Jul-2000, which came into effect on 07-Jul-2000. |
| 2 | Licence varied by change to contact details, issued on 16-Jul-2001, which came into effect on 16-Jul-2001. |
| 3 | Licence varied by notice 1024972, issued on 02-Dec-2003, which came into effect on 27-Dec-2003. |
| 4 | Condition A1.3 Not applicable varied by notice issued on <issue date> which came into effect on <effective date> |